	CONFINEMENT OF EGG-LAYING HENS
	2021 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Scott D. Sandall
	House Sponsor:
I	LONG TITLE
(General Description:
	This bill makes changes to the Agricultural Code regarding the confinement of
e	egg-laying hens.
F	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	defines terms;
	 beginning January 1, 2025, prohibits farm owners and operators from confining
e	egg-laying hens in an enclosure that is not a cage-free housing system or that has
16	ess usable floor space per hen than required by specific industry guidelines, with
c	vertain exceptions;
	 provides a defense for a person who relies in good faith upon a written certification
tl	hat eggs or egg products are not derived from egg-laying hens confined in conflict
V	vith the prescribed standards;
	 designates the Department of Agriculture and Food as the entity to enforce the
p	provisions of this bill; and
	 imposes certification requirements for farm owners and operators, and business
o	owners and operators, who sell shell eggs or egg products within the state.
N	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
(Other Special Clauses:



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28	None
29	Utah Code Sections Affected:
30	ENACTS:
31	4-4a-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
32	4-4a-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
33	4-4a-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
34	4-4a-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	4-4a-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	4-4a-106, Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	4-4a-107, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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39	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
40	Section 1. Section 4-4a-101 is enacted to read:
41	CHAPTER 4a. CONFINEMENT OF EGG-LAYING HENS
42	<u>4-4a-101.</u> Title.
43	This chapter is known as "Confinement of Egg-Laying Hens."
44	Section 2. Section 4-4a-102 is enacted to read:
45	<u>4-4a-102.</u> Definitions.
46	As used in this chapter:
47	(1) "Business owner or operator" means a person who owns a controlling interest in or
48	controls the operations of a business.
49	(2) (a) "Cage-free housing system" means an indoor or outdoor controlled environment
50	for egg-laying hens where:
51	(i) for an indoor environment, the egg-laying hens are free to roam unrestricted except
52	by the following:
53	(A) exterior walls; or
54	(B) interior fencing used to contain the entire egg-laying hen flock within the building
55	or subdivide flocks into smaller groups if farm employees can walk through each contained or
56	subdivided area to provide care to egg-laying hens and if each egg-laying hen has at least the
57	amount of usable floor space per hen required by the 2017 edition of the United Egg Producers'
58	Animal Husbandry Guidelines for U.S. Egg-Laying Flocks: Guidelines for Cage-Free Housing;

59	(ii) egg-laying hens are provided enrichments that allow them to exhibit natural
60	behaviors including, at a minimum, scratch areas, perches, nest boxes, and dust bathing areas;
61	<u>and</u>
62	(iii) farm employees can provide care while standing within the egg-laying hens' usable
63	floor space.
64	(b) "Cage-free housing system" includes, to the extent the system is a system described
65	in Subsection (2)(a) and is not excluded by Subsection (2)(c), a multi-tiered aviary, partially
66	slatted system, single-level all-litter floor system, and any future system that is a system
67	described in Subsection (2)(a) and is not excluded by Subsection(2)(c).
68	(c) "Cage-free housing system" does not include systems commonly described as
69	battery cages, colony cages, enriched cages, enriched colony cages, modified cages, convertible
70	cages, furnished cages, or similar cage systems.
71	(3) "Egg-laying hen" means a female domesticated chicken kept for the purpose of
72	commercial egg production.
73	(4) (a) "Egg product" means an egg of an egg-laying hen broken from the shell that:
74	(i) is intended for use as human food;
75	(ii) is in liquid, solid, dried, or frozen form;
76	(iii) is raw or cooked; and
77	(iv) has the yolk and white in their natural proportions, or has the yolk and white
78	separated, mixed, or mixed and strained.
79	(b) "Egg product" does not include:
80	(i) pancake mix, cake mix, cookies, pizza, cookie dough, ice cream; or
81	(ii) a similar food product that contains an ingredient other than a product described in
82	Subsection (4)(a), sugar, salt, water, seasoning, coloring, flavoring, preservatives, stabilizers, or
83	similar food additives.
84	(5) "Enclosure" means a structure used to confine an egg-laying hen.
85	(6) (a) "Farm" means the land, buildings, support facilities, and other equipment that
86	are wholly or partially used for the commercial production of animals or animal products used
87	<u>for food.</u>
88	(b) "Farm" does not include live animal markets or official plants at which mandatory
89	inspection is maintained under the federal Egg Products Inspection Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 1031 et

90	seq.
91	(7) "Farm owner or operator" means a person that owns a controlling interest in a farm
92	or controls the operations of a farm.
93	(8) "Multi-tiered aviary" means a cage-free housing system where egg-laying hens have
94	unfettered access to multiple elevated platforms that provide the egg-laying hens with usable
95	floor space both on top of and underneath the platforms.
96	(9) "Partially slatted system" means a cage-free housing system where egg-laying hens
97	have unfettered access to elevated flat platforms under which manure drops through the
98	flooring to a pit or litter removal belt below.
99	(10) "Sale" means the commercial sale, by a business, of a shell egg or egg product that
100	is subject to this chapter, but does not include a sale undertaken at an official plant at which
101	mandatory inspection is maintained under the federal Egg Products Inspection Act, 21 U.S.C.
102	Sec. 1031 et seq.
103	(11) "Shell egg" means a whole egg of an egg-laying hen in the egg's shell form,
104	intended for use as human food.
105	(12) "Single-level all-litter floor system" means a cage-free housing system bedded
106	with litter where egg-laying hens have limited or no access to elevated flat platforms.
107	(13) (a) "Usable floor space" means the total square footage of floor space provided to
108	each egg-laying hen, as calculated by dividing the total square footage of floor space provided
109	to egg-laying hens in an enclosure by the total number of egg-laying hens in that enclosure.
110	(b) "Usable floor space" includes both ground space and elevated level or nearly level
111	flat platforms upon which hens can roost, but does not include perches or ramps.
112	Section 3. Section 4-4a-103 is enacted to read:
113	4-4a-103. Prohibitions.
114	(1) Beginning on January 1, 2025, a farm owner or operator may not knowingly
115	confine an egg-laying hen in an enclosure:
116	(a) that is not a cage-free housing system; or
117	(b) that has less than the amount of usable floor space per hen as required by the 2017
118	edition of the United Egg Producers' Animal Husbandry Guidelines for U.S. Egg-Laying
119	Flocks: Guidelines for Cage-Free Housing.
120	(2) (a) Beginning on January 1, 2025, a business owner or operator may not knowingly

121	sell or transport for end sale in the state a shell egg or egg product that the business owner or
122	operator knows or should know was produced by an egg-laying hen that was confined in a
123	manner prohibited in this chapter.
124	(b) For purposes of this chapter, a sale occurs at the location where a buyer takes
125	physical possession of the item.
126	Section 4. Section 4-4a-104 is enacted to read:
127	<u>4-4a-104.</u> Exemptions.
128	(1) Section 4-4a-103 does not apply to an egg-laying hen:
129	(a) used for medical research;
130	(b) during examination, testing, individual treatment, or operation for veterinary
131	purposes, but only if performed by or under the direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian;
132	(c) during transportation;
133	(d) at state or county fair exhibitions, 4-H programs, and similar exhibitions;
134	(e) during slaughter conducted in accordance with applicable laws, rules, and
135	regulations; or
136	(f) kept for temporary animal husbandry purposes of no more than six hours in any
137	24-hour period and no more than 24 hours total in any 30-day period.
138	(2) This chapter does not apply to the production in the state, sale in the state, or
139	transport for end sale in the state of shell eggs by a farm owner or operator with fewer than
140	3,000 egg-laying hens.
141	(3) This chapter does not apply to the sale of uncooked, one-dozen carton packed,
142	medium size shell eggs as defined in the July 20, 2000, United States Standards, Grades, and
143	Weight Classes for Shell Eggs, AMS 56.200 et seq., if:
144	(a) a business owner or operator sells the eggs directly to a household consumer
145	exclusively for offsite use by the consumer, a member of the consumer's household, or the
146	consumer's nonpaying guest or employee; and
147	(b) (i) the eggs described in this Subsection (3) are 10% or less of the business owner
148	or operator's total sales each year in Utah; or
149	(ii) the eggs described in this Subsection (3) are sold from a business location that sells
150	fewer than 15 cases of 30 dozen shell eggs per week.
151	Section 5. Section 4-4a-105 is enacted to read:

152	<u>4-4a-105.</u> Defense.
153	It is a defense to an action to enforce this chapter that a business owner or operator
154	relied in good faith upon a written certification by the farm owner or operator that the shell egg
155	or egg product was not derived from an egg-laying hen that was confined in a manner that
156	conflicts with Section 4-4a-103.
157	Section 6. Section 4-4a-106 is enacted to read:
158	<u>4-4a-106.</u> Enforcement.
159	(1) The department shall enforce this chapter.
160	(2) A person subject to this chapter shall allow the department access during regular
161	business hours to facilities and records pertinent to activities subject to this chapter.
162	(3) The department shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
163	Administrative Rulemaking Act, make rules governing the inspection of farms, shell eggs, and
164	egg products to ensure compliance with this chapter.
165	(4) (a) The department may use an inspection provider or process verification provider
166	to ensure compliance with this chapter.
167	(b) To rely on an inspection provider or process verification provider, the department
168	must approve the specific inspection provider or process verification provider as competent to
169	ensure compliance with this chapter during both production and handling of shell eggs and egg
170	products.
171	(5) (a) If the department determines that a person subject to this chapter is in violation
172	of a provision of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter, the department shall provide
173	the person with a written notice that:
174	(i) describes each violation identified by the department; and
175	(ii) states a reasonable deadline by which the person is required to cure the violation.
176	(b) If a person who receives a notice issued under Subsection (5)(a) does not cure a
177	violation identified in the notice before the deadline stated in the notice, the department may
178	impose a civil fine of \$100 per written notice, regardless of the number of violations identified
179	in the notice.
180	(c) If a violation is not cured after the department provides a person with written notice
181	of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure, the department may seek a temporary
182	restraining order or permanent injunction to prevent further violation of this chapter.

Section 7. Section **4-4a-107** is enacted to read:

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4-4a-107. Relationship to other provisions.

The provisions of this chapter are in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other laws or

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The provisions of this chapter are in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other laws or rules protecting animal welfare. State and local authorities are not prohibited by this chapter from adopting and enforcing animal welfare laws or rules that are more stringent than this chapter.